

Occasional showers
Tonight and Tuesday.

The Washington Times

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WASHINGTON, MONDAY EVENING, JULY 16, 1906.

PRICE ONE CENT.

STOP YOUR FIGHT AND TALK IT OVER, SAYS ROOSEVELT

Strenuous Efforts Making
to End Petty War on
the Isthmus.

CONFERENCE AT CAPITAL

Mexico Favors President's
Plan to End Hostilities Be-
tween Republics.

Strenuous endeavors are being made by the representatives of the United States Government in Guatemala and Salvador to prevail upon those countries to cease fighting, and meet in amicable conference in this city. Just what has been sent from Oyster Bay to United States Minister Merry at San Salvador and Charge Brown, at Guatemala City, is not known at the State Department but it is believed here the President has taken a hand in the war in Central America, and through his representatives in Guatemala and Salvador, is endeavoring to bring about immediate peace.

The State Department this morning received a cablegram from Minister Merry at San Salvador, in which he makes the bare statement that he is in negotiation with the Salvadorean authorities with a view to bringing about a termination of hostilities pending a settlement of the differences between the two little republics through diplomatic conference. He says nothing relative to the situation on the fighting line, making no reference to further engagements.

Honduras Is Willing.

The only other dispatch received by the State Department this morning from Central America came from Charge Brown in Guatemala City, who also has charge, during the temporary absence of the United States Minister Combs, of the diplomatic affairs of Honduras. Mr. Brown says that Honduras has intimated to him that its troops will cease fighting as soon as Guatemala agrees to a conference, and withdraws its troops. Mr. Brown appears to be as ignorant in regard to the fighting situation as Minister Merry, in Salvador.

It is believed at the State Department that President Roosevelt will further instruct United States Ambassador Thompson, in Mexico, to co-operate with President Diaz in working for a peaceful solution of the trouble in Central America. The willingness expressed by President Diaz to do all in his power for peace is very gratifying to the State Department officials. It is thought that with Presidents Roosevelt and Diaz working for peace, the little war in Central America cannot long continue.

Root's Absence Felt.

The absence of Secretary of State Root, who is on his way to Rio Janeiro, and Ambassador Casarua, of Mexico, who is in Europe, will be keenly felt by President Roosevelt in his efforts, as no one in Washington understands the Central American situation as well as the Secretary of State himself, and Ambassador Casarua, aside from being personally acquainted with the presidents of the little republics and also with many of the army and political leaders, stands high in the confidence of President Roosevelt. His recommendations he would make in connection with the situation doubtless would have much weight with the President. The Mexican embassy and the Guatemalan and Nicaraguan legations all were without advice from their seats of government on the situation this morning. Senator Munoz, the minister from Guatemala, who is in Washington in order that he might be in close touch with the Government when called upon by his President to act.

Abandoned Trip Abroad.

Senator Munoz originally intended to spend some time in Europe and then go to Brazil for the Pan-American conference, but when the revolution began two months ago he was compelled to cancel his European trip. He calculated to take a ship two weeks ago for Brazil, but the situation became more acute and he postponed his departure till the next ship. He went to New York a week ago and was to have sailed early this week, but he received cable orders to return to Washington and remain at his post here till the situation becomes definite.

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The weather continues showery and unsettled in all districts east of the Rocky mountains, and also in the extreme Southwest. Over the middle and northern districts west of the Rocky mountains the weather was fair and warm.

Temperatures are low for the season in the Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys and the western upper lake region, ranging from 5 to 15 degrees below the normal.

Showers will continue tonight and Tuesday in the East and South, except in the Ohio valley, where it will be fair Tuesday.

It will be cooler in the Ohio valley and lower lake region.

TEMPERATURE.	
9 a. m.	73
12 noon	77
1 p. m.	79

DOWNTOWN TEMPERATURE.	
(Registered Atfield's Standard Thermometer.)	
9 a. m.	80
12 noon	83
1 p. m.	87

SUN TABLE.	
Sun sets today	7:25
Sun rises tomorrow	4:46

TIDE TABLE.	
High tide today	4:25 p. m.
Low tide today	9:00 p. m.
High tide tomorrow	4:44 a. m., 5:17 p. m.
Low tide tomorrow	11:42 a. m., 6:45 p. m.

DONE WITH THAW FOR GOOD AND ALL, DECLARES OLCOTT

Dismissed Counsel Will
Not Re-enter Case Un-
der Any Consideration.

MOTHER SEES SON IN JAIL

Sad Meeting Behind Grim
Bars in the Tombs
Prison.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Former Judge William M. K. Olcott, declared today unequivocally that he and the firm of Black, Olcott, Gruber & Bonyng were through with the Thaw case finally and conclusively. "I am out of the case for good and all," said Judge Olcott. "We have been dismissed, and that is the end of it. Harry Thaw's note to us left us no other alternative."

Mother Meets Her Son.

Mrs. William Thaw, mother of the prisoner, paid her first visit to see her son in his Tombs cell this morning. The elder Mrs. Thaw arrived at the prison at 11 o'clock accompanied by her stepson, Joshua Thaw. She was dressed in deep black.

The couple drove up to the Tombs in an electric handsome and found a small crowd of curious people waiting to catch a glimpse of them. They quickly entered the prison to escape this unpleasant notice.

Searched Before Admitted.

After Mrs. Thaw's pass had been approved she was taken into the women's room and searched, and was then allowed to proceed upstairs to see her son. It was a sad reunion between mother and son on her return from her trip abroad which was cut short when the news of his arrest was received. The arrest is interesting, especially because it follows close upon the determined movement of the white residents and property owners in that section to prevent the introduction of a colored colony. It is denied by several of those interested that the proceedings against Satterwhite grew out of the movement against his enterprise.

The arrest was made by Town Marshal Richmond on a warrant sworn out before Justice of the Peace Loughborough at Somerset, by Richmond.

When he was arrested Satterwhite was taken before Justice Loughborough and gave \$300 for appearance on Saturday, when, it is stated, his case will be sent to the circuit court at Rockville. The examination before the justice will be held about 5 o'clock at the home of Justice Loughborough, and will be largely a formality. The fifth man, concerning the management of the case, which already gives promise of becoming a case celebre, James L. Neill is named as surety on Satterwhite's bond.

Consulted New Lawyer.

Mrs. Thaw remained with her son until 11:45, when she was informed that under the prison regulations she would have to leave. She complied with the rules after bidding Harry an affectionate farewell. Joshua Thaw, who had accompanied his stepmother, left with her, and the two took a electric handsome away from the Tombs, going to the office of Clifford Hartridge, the new attorney in whose hands Thaw has placed his case. The young wife returned to the prison after Mrs. Thaw had left, and remained with him a few moments before she, too, left the Tombs to go to the attorney's office.

The crowd about the Tombs when Thaw's visitors left today was one of the largest and hardest to manage of any assembled since Thaw was incarcerated in the Tombs. A great throng gathered to see the two women who were known to be in the prison. When they came out it was necessary for officers to fight back the people to allow them a passageway to their carriages.

Mrs. Harry Thaw, wife of the prisoner, was also a visitor at the Tombs, having arrived there about two minutes in advance of her mother-in-law.

Harry Thaw's sudden action in dismissing his counsel because the conduct of the case did not suit his fancy is regarded simply as another evidence of wilfulness and thoughtless impetuosity which has characterized the actions of the young Pittsburger throughout his life. Unexpected developments are likely to occur in the Thaw case at any time as long as Thaw is permitted to direct the course of his defense unrestricted or unrestrained.

His mother, Mrs. William Thaw, will hold a conference today with Lewis A. Delafield, her personal counsel.

Thaw's New Lawyer Talks.

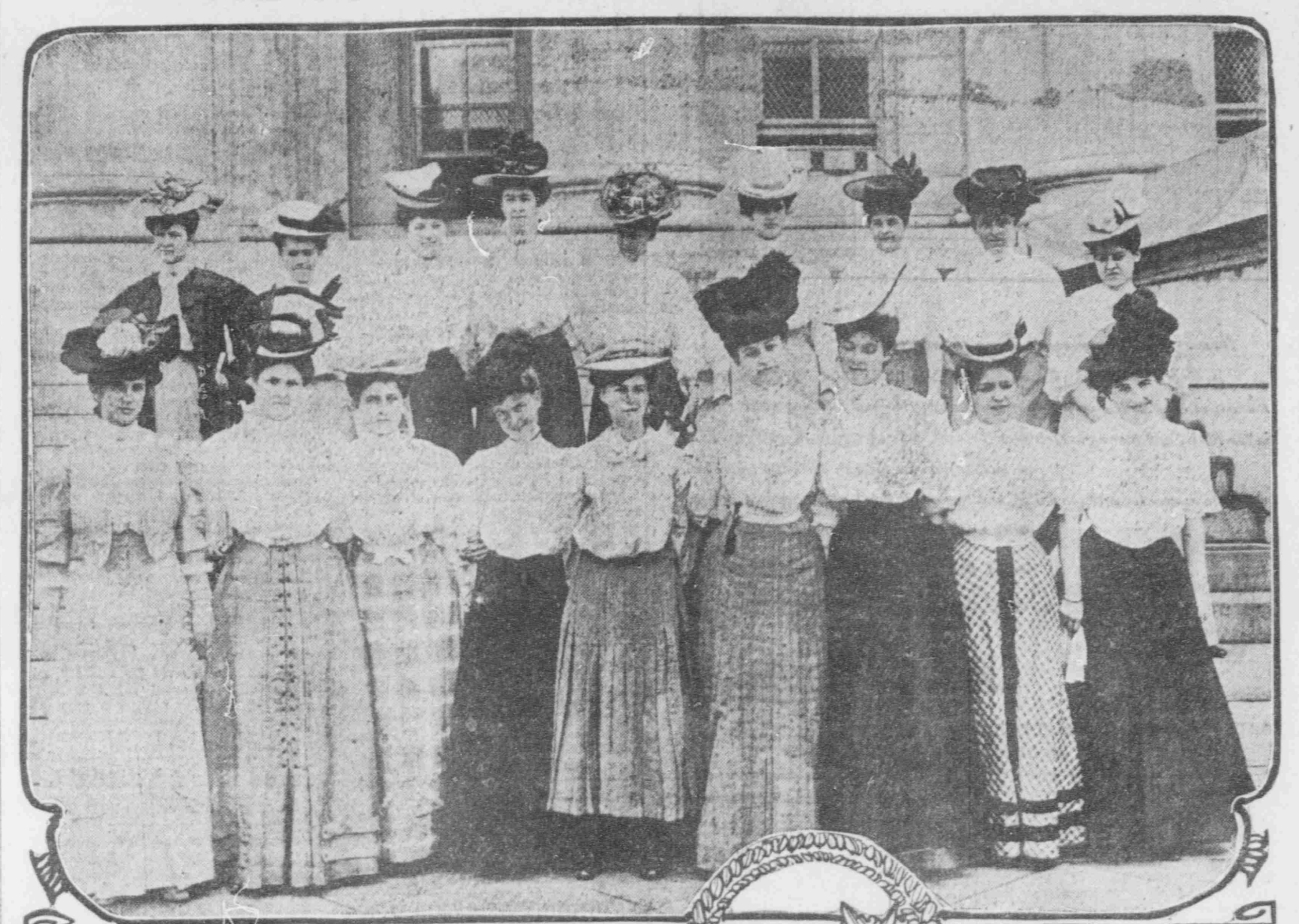
Clifford W. Hartridge, the attorney whom Thaw has engaged to conduct his case, with A. Russell Peabody, John B. Gleason, and F. W. Langfellow, admitted at the outset that Thaw was in a hole and that his counsel realized it, but that in the end the jury would be bound to acquit his client. Mr. Hartridge said:

"I realize, of course, that there is a great deal of interest in the sudden and unexpected changing of counsel by Harry, but I am not at liberty to discuss the matter at this time. Judge Olcott is a warm, personal and professional friend of mine, and I do not think it would be fair to him or to Harry to say anything about that phase of the case; that is, not until I have had an interview with Judge Olcott."

"I do not intend to try this case in the newspapers. But I wish also to be understood as being against any misleading stories, so many of which have been printed to the detriment of both sides. I regret to say, I want nothing but the truth to come out, and believe me, it will come out in good time."

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BEAUTIFUL BELLES OF THE SUNNY SOUTH COME TO SEE THE SIGHTS OF WASHINGTON



COLORED DEALER IN BELMONT LOTS PUT UNDER ARREST

Is Charged With Selling
Real Estate Without
a License.

A. L. Satterwhite, the colored real estate dealer who has been handling Belmont subdivision, on the Rockville Road, in Montgomery county, adjoining the District line, with the purpose of establishing there a residence suburb for colored people, was arrested yesterday, charged with engaging in the real estate business without a license.

The arrest is interesting, especially because it follows close upon the determined movement of the white residents and property owners in that section to prevent the introduction of a colored colony. It is denied by several of those interested that the proceedings against Satterwhite grew out of the movement against his enterprise.

The arrest was made by Town Marshal Richmond on a warrant sworn out before Justice of the Peace Loughborough at Somerset, by Richmond.

When he was arrested Satterwhite was taken before Justice Loughborough and gave \$300 for appearance on Saturday, when, it is stated, his case will be sent to the circuit court at Rockville. The examination before the justice will be held about 5 o'clock at the home of Justice Loughborough, and will be largely a formality. The fifth man, concerning the management of the case, which already gives promise of becoming a case celebre, James L. Neill is named as surety on Satterwhite's bond.

Penalty a Severe One.

The penalty for acting as a real estate broker without a license in Maryland is a fine of \$500 for each offense. Satterwhite said today that he expected by the end of today's roundup of his agents he would have sold sixty-five lots. A simple mathematical calculation indicates that if the Maryland court sees fit to impose the maximum penalty for each offense, Satterwhite will stand liable for something over \$30,000 in fines.

"I don't think I have anything to say at all," said Satterwhite, at his office on G street this morning. "I haven't any feelings toward anybody. If anybody has any against me, of course, I'm sorry. But I don't see how they're going to prevent my doing business."

"How many lots do you figure you have sold in the subdivision?"

"About thirty of them, so far. When the agents report on the work today, I expect it will be about sixty-five. No, the opposition hasn't seemed to hurt the business."

"Are you selling to colored people alone?"

"Oh, no, selling to anybody that wants to buy."

"But have any white people been among your buyers?"

Don't Ask Questions.

"Well, now," replied Satterwhite, "You know, I don't ask folks whether they're white or colored, and I don't notice much, if they have the money. Some of 'em that have bought seemed to be just as white as you; you know how many shades of color there are among people!"

"Do you assume that your arrest has something to do with the opposition for some time and then said he didn't know."

The real estate man positively would not say anything about the proceedings against him; he wouldn't tell whether he had a license, or even admit that he had been arrested.

LYNCHING FEARED, THREATENING MOB IS AT SALISBURY

Situation Critical, Result
of Heinous Murder of
Lylerly Family.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 16.—The situation at Salisbury is still critical this morning, but the militia is in charge and the sheriff is hopeful that he will be able to maintain order.

Men from all the surrounding country are at Salisbury, and only the fact that the sheriff had gotten Henry Gillespie, the negro under suspicion of having murdered the Lylerly family, out of town, prevented a lynching despite the guards. Other negroes who are suspected of being implicated in the crime are being sought, and if any of them are found a lynching or a bloody clash between the mob and the authorities is certain.

Sheriff Wallace says that he will uphold the law at any cost. He has been apprised that the would-be lynchers are in the city and he believes that an effort will be made during the night to get the negroes.

Sheriff Is Determined.

While he would regret to have to use violent methods to uphold the law, he says that he will be true to his oath as an officer of the law. A correspondent has just returned from the jail, where he saw and talked with all five of the prisoners. There seems to be little doubt as to the innocence or at least three of the five.

John Gillespie, Henry Gillespie, and Jack Pillingham were all arrested on suspicion. The two first named claim that they were plowing in a field two miles from the Lylerly home when the officer arrested them. The night of the murder they were both at home, and they say, they can establish without the slightest trouble. But they are steps on of Mitchell Graham, who, it is believed, did the murderous act, and they are held as accomplices. The fifth man, Gage Irwin, has acted strangely since his arrest, and it is generally believed that he watched outside while Graham entered the house and dealt the death blows to the four victims.

Had Trouble With Lylerly.

Graham had lately had several difficulties with Isaac Lylerly. He admits this now. He says that the old man did not treat him right in the matter of a small settlement, but denies that he ever raised his hand against him. When asked tonight if he was not afraid he would be hanged for the crime, he said that every turn of the screw frightened him almost into convulsions. He is constantly on the lookout for a mob to enter the jail and take him to his death.

The fact that Graham is so much more alarmed than the rest leads the officers to believe in a confession.

That the high rate of speed at which the engineer was driving the train at the time the accident occurred was the cause of the wreck was apparently brought out at the hearing today.

The train conductor, who was one of the witnesses examined, testified that the train was running fifty miles an hour, when it took the turn where it left the rails. The usual speed in making this turn, he stated, was about thirty or forty miles an hour.

When the conductor made this statement, Major Pringle, the government's inspector, who has made an investigation of the wreck, intervened saying that the train was running between sixty and seventy miles an hour when it reached the curve, and it was an impossibility for the wheels to stick to the tracks at such a speed.

PRESIDENT SEES MANY VISITORS AT OYSTER BAY

Is "At Home" to Callers
Who Will Discuss Of-
ficial Business.

OYSTER BAY, July 16.—This is President Roosevelt's "at home" day. He is entertaining quite a number of distinguished personages at Sagamore Hill this afternoon and it is probable that a number of momentous official matters will be discussed and settled.

The list of visitors at Sagamore Hill this afternoon comprises Secretary of War Taft, Assistant Secretary of State Robert Bacon, Gen. Theodore Bingham, police commissioner of New York; F. W. Whitridge, who acted as special ambassador to the wedding of the King of Spain, and Findley Peter Dunne, the creator of "Mr. Dooley."

Secretary Taft is there.

Secretary Taft came in on the 10:11 a. m. train from Long Island city, and is conferring with the President upon the subject of brigade army posts.

After his visit here the Secretary expects to go to Murray Bay, Canada, for his vacation. Secretary Bacon came to Sagamore Hill in his automobile from Westbury, L. I., where he is spending his vacation. The other guests arrived on the 12:30 p. m. train and reached Sagamore Hill in time for lunch.

Assistant Secretary Bacon said that there were no developments in the Guatemala-Salvador situation beyond what had already been printed in the newspapers.

Will Tell of Alfonso's Marriage.

"Are you coming to tell the President that King Alfonso is really married?" Mr. Whitridge was asked.

"Yes, sir," he replied with a smile. "I think I am justified in declaring that the King and Queen are now legally married."

Mr. Whitridge said that he was not present when the attempt was made upon the lives of their majesties, and expressed thankfulness that they had not been injured.

Secretary Taft said that he expected to leave for Murray Bay this morning.

DIDN'T WEIGH ICE.

FORFEITS TEN DOLLARS

When Frank Wells' name was called in the Police Court today he did not respond and his collateral of \$10 was declared forfeited. Wells was arrested on Saturday last charged by Inspector Howell with selling ice without first weighing it.

SCHOOL TEACHER ILL.

FINDS DEATH IN CREEK

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 15.—Despondent because of nervous prostration for which there seemed to her to be no cure, Miss Jennie Fowler, a school teacher, thirty-six years of age of Lancaster, Ohio, committed suicide yesterday by drowning in Alum creek.

BEVY OF SOUTHERN GIRLS WHO ARE SIGHT-SEEING IN WASH- INGTON.

FAIR DIXIE GIRLS, ON GENUINE LARK, TAKE IN CAPITAL

Come as Guests of Chat-
tanoga News After
Northern Trip.

There was never a bevy fresh from the rosebud garden of girls on an outing like this.

Eighteen of them, the fairest and the most popular in three Southern States, with hair like dreams of night and eyes like visions of the dawn, are doing the National Capital today. These Dixie girls are guests of the Chattanooga News as the result of their winning a popularity contest conducted by the News in Tennessee, Alabama, and Georgia. Miss Frances Gunter, of Bridgeport, Ala., who led all competitors in the contest, had 2,000,000 votes to her credit.

There are in the number striking-looking girls, pretty girls, some demure and some vivacious—and all of them belles. They have been in New York eight days and in Philadelphia three days, and they arrived in Washington yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Only One Kisser in Party.

Only one in the number, according to the official record, has kissed a real man since the trip started, July 3. She is Miss Flossie Blackburn, of Cleveland, Tenn., and she is the only member of the party whose skirts have not descended to the dignity of sweeping the ground. Commissioner Watchman, of New York, was the happy recipient of the only kiss that has been kissed during all this journey, and Miss Blackburn merely kissed him to play a joke on him—thereby arousing much envy, jealousy, hatred, and malice in the numerous other male beings who were helplessly present at the auspicious moment.

This morning the chaperon of the crowd, Mrs. Charles Willingham, of Chattanooga, was too ill to accompany her charges, and the privileges and duties of chaperoning fell to W. N. Hudebarger, advertising manager of the Chattanooga News, and John M. Burger, the circulation manager.

Go Through the Treasury.

After the group had been photographed on the Treasury steps for The Times, the girls were taken by their betroused chaperons through the Treasury building, where they saw real department clerks and were allowed to hold countless thousands of dollars in their hands in the vaults where Uncle Sam keeps his spare coin. Then, followed by the admiring gaze of all who saw them, they journeyed to the monument, the Capitol, and along the Mall.

At 2 o'clock they went to Mount Vernon by boat. At 8 o'clock this evening they will leave for Chattanooga in a special car. Yesterday afternoon they went through Washington in a "Beulah Washington Automobile," and last evening they visited the Library of Congress.

These eighteen Dixie flowers have been shown a royal time wherever they have been. They put New York on the "bum" and waked up Philadelphia with a vengeance.

(Continued on Second Page.)

BUSINESS BOOM ON FAIR LINES IN EVERY WAY

"Clean Business for a
Clean City," Slogan
of Shippers' Asso-
ciation.

MEET TO ORGANIZE THIS AFTERNOON

All Enthuse Over Prospective
Prosperity for Wash-
ington's Jobbing
Trade.

Clean Business for a Clean City.

The slogan which Charles
J. Bell will sound at the
opening meeting of the Job-
bers and Shippers' Associa-
tion of Washington, D. C.,
this afternoon.

Charles J. Bell, who will call to order at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon the opening meeting of the Jobbers and Shippers' Association of Washington in the New Willard Hotel, will sound the slogan, "Clean business for a clean city," as the motto to govern all the policies and moves of the organization in its future life.

"Clean business for a clean city" will mean that the association will devote all its efforts to promoting the jobbing and shipping interests of Washington. It will not dabble in whether manufacturers should be encouraged to come to the District of Columbia. It will see to it that only the highest standards and strictest ethics of business are applied to the great campaign for the booming of Washington as a busy city.

Of the 125 business men who have joined the organization, it is expected that fully 100 will attend the meeting this afternoon. Mr. Bell will have the honor of calling the assembly to order, and Charles E. Howe will act as temporary secretary. Although nothing definite has been fixed, it was said today that the chances are Mr. Bell will be chosen permanent president and Mr. Howe permanent secretary of the association.

New Names on List.

Three new names were added to the membership list today. They are S. S. Shedd, of the S. S. Shedd & Bro. Company; Benjamin W. Guy, of Guy, Curran & Co., and Frank Hume, of the S. S. Shedd & Co. The office of the American Security and Trust Company this morning and said to Mr. Bell:

"I have read fully all the accounts of this movement, and I want my name put on the membership rolls. It looks like a good thing to me, and I want to do everything possible to help it along."

All Are Enthusiastic.

That the meeting this afternoon will be characterized by the greatest enthusiasm and that the members will go into it with the intention of making the entire campaign a success in every sense of the word is undoubted. The movement has received the indorsement of Gen. John M. Wilson, president of the Board of Trade; James F. Cyster, president of the Business Men's Association, and John Joy Edson, president of the Bankers' Association. In addition to this it has been commented on all through the city, and has been declared the greatest movement Washington has undertaken in years. With this prelude the business men, all winners in the fight for success and fortune, will start in with a whoop and a boom.

There was some vague discussion today of a proposition to develop a system whereby many Virginia merchants shall be made honorary or visiting members of the new association, the object being to sustain the interest of the Virginia in the association, and to keep always before them the knowledge that Washington is rapidly being made the place where country merchants can secure readily and reasonably all the things they need.

Pride in the Organization.

It was pointed out that such an out-of-town membership would also result in giving the Virginia merchants a pride in the welfare of the organization and would instill in them a desire to help along Washington's boom by all the means in their power. It is more probable that such a plan will come up for discussion this afternoon or be made the subject of a committee report to the full association at its September meeting.

Another plan which will be passed on at some future time is the suggestion that a committee be sent by the association to several prosperous jobbing centers for the purpose of securing data and information as to the best way to promote and encourage the jobbing business in this city.

Lumber Trust Broken.

\$2.75 Stock Boards now \$2.25 per 100 ft. Libbey & Co., 6th & New York Ave.—Adv.